Possible risks of dysphagia diets

Dysphagia diets involve changing the texture of food (for example, mincing or pureeing) or thickening liquids to make them easier or safer to swallow.

While these changes can be helpful, they also come with possible risks. Some people may get fewer nutrients or enjoy food less, which can affect their health and quality of life.

Talk to your doctor or speech-language pathologist to understand the possible benefits and risks of modifying your diet.

The lists below include some risks that have been reported in clinical studies.

Altered food textures	Thickened liquids
May lead to malnutrition	May lead to dehydration
May cause dehydration	May increase risk of respiratory infection
May make it harder to recover from illness	May make it harder to recover from illness
May lower quality of life	May cause constipation
	May increase risk of urinary tract infection
	May slow down digestion
	May make medications less effective
	May cause a constant feeling of thirst
	May lower quality of life

Disclaimer: This handout is for educational purposes only and is not intended as medical advice. Please speak with your healthcare provider before making any changes to your diet.

References

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